

OFFICE COPY

**CAPITAL ALLIANCE BALANCED FUND
COLOMBO 2**

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE
YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2026**



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF CAPITAL ALLIANCE BALANCED FUND

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the Financial Statements of Capital Alliance Balanced Fund ("The Fund"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31st March 2026 and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of movement in unitholders' fund and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of material accounting policy information as set out on pages 05 to 26.

In our opinion, the accompanying Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 31st March 2026 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards (SLAuSs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants issued by CA Sri Lanka (Code of Ethics), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of the Fund Management Company and the Trustee for the Financial Statements

Capital Alliance Investments Limited ("the Management") and the Trustee of the Fund ("the Trustee") are responsible for the preparation of Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of Financial Statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, management is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Trustee is responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditor's Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SLAuSs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

Partners : Sujeewa Rajapakse FCA, ACCA, FCMA, MBA. Ashane J.W. Jayasekara FCA, FCMA (UK), MBA. H. Sasanka Rathnaweera FCA, ACMA.
F. Sarah Z. Afker FCA, FCMA (UK), CGMA, MCSI (UK). Dinusha C. Rajapakse FCA, LLB (Hons)(Colombo), CTA, Attorney at Law.
Nirosha Vadivel Bsc (Acc.), FCA, ACMA. R. D. Chamika N. Wijesinghe FCA, BBA (Acc.) Sp. H. M. R. Thilina Ranaweera FCA, BBMgt (Acc.) Sp.

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As part of an audit in accordance with SLAuSs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our Auditor's Report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our Auditor's Report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Trustee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

These Financial Statements also comply with the requirements of the Rule 50 of the Collective Investment Scheme Code (CIS Code) issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Sri Lanka in terms of Section 183 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Act No. 19 of 2021 and the Trust Deed.

BDO Pardner

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Colombo

30th July 2026

NV/kp

CAPITAL ALLIANCE BALANCED FUND
STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2026

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	Note	2025/2026 Rs.	2024/2025 Rs.
Investment income			
Dividend income	4.1	5,850,822	7,254,768
Interest income	4.2	1,864,611	2,639,288
Realised gain on financial assets at FVTPL - quoted shares	7.2	79,917,852	24,122,107
Unrealised (loss)/gain on financial assets at FVTPL- quoted shares	7.3	(58,043,632)	23,374,395
Total investment income		<u>29,589,653</u>	<u>57,390,558</u>
Other income		447,001	-
Expenses			
Management fees		(1,929,369)	(1,343,012)
Trustee fees		(514,498)	(358,136)
Custodian fees		(290,463)	(289,864)
Audit fee		(8,804)	(5,348)
Bank charges		(28,735)	(190,200)
Outperformance fee income/(expense)		-	(447,001)
Brokerage fee		(7,870,855)	(1,631,213)
Other expenses		(97,866)	(7)
Total operating expenses		<u>(10,740,590)</u>	<u>(4,264,781)</u>
Profit before tax		<u>19,296,064</u>	<u>53,125,777</u>
Income tax expense	5	-	-
Profit for the year		<u>19,296,064</u>	<u>53,125,777</u>
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Total comprehensive income		<u>19,296,064</u>	<u>53,125,777</u>
Increase in net assets attributable to unitholders		<u><u>19,296,064</u></u>	<u><u>53,125,777</u></u>

Figures in brackets indicate deductions.

The accounting policies and notes on pages 05 to 26 form an integral part of these Financial Statements.

Colombo
30th July 2026



CAPITAL ALLIANCE BALANCED FUND
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT 31ST MARCH 2026

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	Note	As at 31.03.2026 Rs.	As at 31.03.2025 Rs.
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	6	1,125,293	605,724
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	7.1	345,760,029	153,438,598
Financial assets at amortised cost	8	62,373,241	12,126,622
Income tax receivable	9	-	-
Other receivables	10	1,307,953	1,217,453
Total assets		410,566,516	167,388,397
Liabilities			
Accrued expenses	11	326,585	643,685
Total liabilities		326,585	643,685
Net assets		410,239,931	166,744,712
Unitholders' fund			
Net assets attributable to unitholders		410,239,931	166,744,712

The accounting policies and notes on pages 05 to 26 form an integral part of these Financial Statements.

The Board of Directors of the Management Company and the Trustee are responsible for preparations and presentation of these Financial Statements in accordance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standards.

The Financial Statements were approved by the Management Company and the Trustee on 30th July 2026.

Signed for and on behalf of the Management Company by:


.....
Mr. K. P. Mannakkara
Director
Capital Alliance Investments Limited
Management Company


.....
Ms. H. M. S. Perera
Director
Capital Alliance Investments Limited
Management Company

Signed for and on behalf of the Trustee by:


.....
Hatton National Bank PLC
Trustee


.....
Hatton National Bank PLC
Trustee

Colombo
30th July 2026
NV/kp



CAPITAL ALLIANCE BALANCED FUND
STATEMENT OF MOVEMENT IN UNITHOLDERS' FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2026

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	2025/2026 Rs.	2024/2025 Rs.
Unitholders' fund as at the beginning of the year	166,744,712	111,794,696
Increase in net assets attributable to unitholders	19,296,064	53,125,777
Creation of units	389,756,181	182,843,933
Redemption of units	(165,557,026)	(181,019,694)
Net increase due to unitholders' transactions	224,199,155	1,824,239
Unitholders' fund as at the end of the year	410,239,931	166,744,712

Figures in brackets indicate deductions.

The accounting policies and notes on pages 05 to 26 form an integral part of these Financial Statements.

Colombo
30th July 2026



CAPITAL ALLIANCE BALANCED FUND
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2026

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	2025/2026 Rs.	2024/2025 Rs.
Cash flows from operating activities		
Interest received	1,861,903	2,631,518
Dividend received	7,068,177	6,037,413
Management, trustee and custodian fees paid	(2,624,433)	(2,045,341)
Other expenses paid	(7,997,456)	(1,821,420)
Net change in other receivable	(1,307,765)	47,931
Net investment in treasury bills repurchase agreements	(50,244,000)	(9,314,000)
Proceeds from selling shares	266,449,494	77,006,644
Investment in equity shares	(436,896,705)	(74,278,014)
Net cash used in operating activities	(223,690,785)	(1,735,269)
 Cash flows from financing activities		
Cash received on creation of units	389,767,380	182,843,933
Cash paid on redemption of units	(165,557,026)	(181,019,694)
Net cash generated from financing activities	224,210,354	1,824,239
 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	519,569	88,970
Cash and cash equivalents as at the beginning of the year (Note A)	605,724	516,754
Cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the year (Note B)	1,125,293	605,724
 As at the beginning of the year		Note A
Cash at bank	605,724	516,754
	<u>605,724</u>	<u>516,754</u>
 As at the end of the year		Note B
Cash at bank	1,125,293	605,724
	<u>1,125,293</u>	<u>605,724</u>

Figures in brackets indicate deductions.

The accounting policies and notes on pages 05 to 26 form an integral part of these Financial Statements.

Colombo
30th July 2026



MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION**1.1 General information**

Capital Alliance Balanced Fund (the "Fund") is an open-ended Fund approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Sri Lanka. The Fund was launched on 30th January 2015.

The Fund is managed by Capital Alliance Investments Limited which has been incorporated and domiciled in Sri Lanka. The registered office of the Management Company was previously located at Level 05, "Millennium House", 46/58, Nawam Mawatha, Colombo 02. During the year, the Company changed its registered office to Level 06, M2M Veranda Offices, No. 34, W. A. D. Ramanayake Mawatha, Colombo 02. The Trustee of the Fund is Hatton National Bank PLC having its place of business at "HNB Towers", No. 479, T. B. Jayah Mawatha (Darley Road), Colombo 10.

1.2 Operating activities

The overall objective of the Fund is to maximise the total return of the Fund by investing in a combination of equity and fixed income instruments.

1.3 Date of authorisation for issue

The Financial Statements of the Fund for the year ended 31st March 2026 were authorised for issue by the Management Company and the Trustee on 30th July 2026.

2. PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**2.1 Basis of Preparation**

The Financial Statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis unless otherwise it is indicated. The Financial Statements have been presented in Sri Lankan Rupees. The statement of financial position has been presented on a liquidity basis.

2.2 Statement of compliance

The Financial Statements which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31st March 2026 statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of movement in unitholders' fund and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of material accounting policy information and other explanatory information have been prepared and presented in accordance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standards and the requirements of the Unit Trust Deed and Collective Investment Scheme Code (CIS Code 2022) of the Securities and Exchange Commission of Sri Lanka.

2.3. Basis of measurement

The Financial Statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention with the exception of certain assets and liabilities at fair value.

2.4. Going concern

These Financial Statements are prepared on the assumption that the Fund is a going concern i.e. as continuing in operation for the foreseeable future. It is, therefore, assumed that the Fund has neither the intention nor the necessity of liquidation.



MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2.5. Materiality and aggregation

Each material class of similar items is presented separately in the Financial Statements. Items of a dissimilar nature or function are presented separately unless they are immaterial.

2.6. Functional and presentation currency

The Financial Statements have been presented in Sri Lankan Rupees, the Fund's functional and presentation currency, which is the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates.

2.7. Significant Accounting Judgments, Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of Financial Statements in conformity with SLFRSs/LKASs requires the management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that influence the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and income and expenses. In the selection and application of the Fund's accounting policies, which are described below, the Fund Management Company is required to make judgments and assumptions and use those assumptions in measuring the items reported in the Financial Statements. These estimates are based on the management's knowledge of the current facts and circumstances, and assumptions based on such knowledge and expectations of future events. Actual results may differ from such estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the year in which the estimates are revised if the revision affects only that year or the year of the revision and future years as well, if the revision affects both the current and the future years.

The management considers credit, liquidity and market risk and assesses the impact on valuation of investments when determining the fair value.

The management uses its judgment in determining the appropriate valuation technique for financial instruments that are not quoted in an active market. Valuation techniques commonly used by market practitioners are applied. Other financial instruments are valued using a discounted cash flow analysis based on the assumptions supported, where possible, by observable market prices or rates.

Determination of Fair Value and Fair Value Hierarchy

The Fund uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique.

- **Level 1:** quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- **Level 2:** techniques which use inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices)
- **Level 3:** techniques which use inputs that are not based on observable market data



CAPITAL ALLIANCE BALANCED FUND
MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2.8. Summary of material accounting policy information

2.8.1. Financial instruments

2.8.1.1. Initial recognition

Financial assets and liabilities are initially recognised on the trade date, i.e the date that the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. This includes purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame generally established by regulations or convention in the market place.

2.8.1.2. Initial measurement of financial assets

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on their contractual terms and the business model for managing the assets. At initial recognition, the Fund measures a financial asset at its fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at FVTPL are expensed in the statement of profit or loss.

2.8.1.3. Measurement categories of financial assets and liabilities

The Fund classifies all of its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured at amortised cost
- those to be measured at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities of the Fund are measured at amortised cost, and include all financial liabilities, other than those measured at fair value through profit or loss. The financial liabilities of the Fund include accrued expenses and other payables.

2.8.1.4. Subsequent measurement

Amortised cost

A debt instrument is measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect the contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise to cash flows that are solely the payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Debt instruments at amortised cost in the statement of financial position comprise investments in treasury bill repurchase agreements. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition is recognised directly in the statement of profit or loss and presented as realised gain/(loss) on debt instruments held at amortised cost.

Fair value through profit and loss

A financial asset is measured at fair value through profit or loss if:

- (a) Its contractual terms do not give rise to cash flows on specified dates that are solely the payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding
 or



CAPITAL ALLIANCE BALANCED FUND**MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

- (b) It is not held within a business model whose objective is either to collect the contractual cash flows or to collect both the contractual cash flows and sell or
- (c) At initial recognition, it is irrevocably designated as measured at FVTPL. When doing so, it eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases.

A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at FVTPL is recognised in profit or loss and presented net within unrealised gains/(losses) in the period in which it arises. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss in the statement of financial position comprise investments in quoted shares.

2.8.1.5. Financial liabilities**a) Initial recognition and measurement**

The Fund determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition.

The Fund's financial liabilities comprise accrued expenses and other payables in the Statement of Financial Position.

b) Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as described below:

Other financial liabilities

After initial recognition, other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in the profit or loss and other comprehensive income statement when the liabilities are de-recognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

2.8.1.6. Impairment

The Fund assesses on a forward-looking basis, the expected credit losses (ECLs) associated with its debt instruments carried at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Fund expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate.

ECLs are recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12-months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures from which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

The Fund uses the ratings from Fitch Rating Lanka Limited and Lanka Rating Agency Limited as applicable to determine the significant deterioration in credit risk and to estimate the ECLs.

CAPITAL ALLIANCE BALANCED FUND

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Consistent with the policies of the Fund, investments when rated below BBB- are considered as non-investment grade investments and the Fund considers such investments as having incurred significantly deteriorated credit risk. Such investments are considered for lifetime ECL calculation.

Further, movements within the ratings of the investment grade stipulate significant deterioration of credit risk. Significant deterioration is measured through a two-notch downgrade of the external credit rating of the counterparty since the origination of the instrument.

For debt instruments at amortised cost issued by Sovereign, the Fund applies the low risk simplification.

Presentation of allowance for ECL in the statement of financial position

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortised cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the financial assets.

Write-offs

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery.

2.8.1.7. De-recognition

A financial asset is de-recognised when,

- 1) the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired.
- 2) the Fund has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either,
 - The Fund has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset or
 - The Fund has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset

2.8.1.8. Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position if, and only if:

- there is currently an enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and
- there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously

2.8.2. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position and statement of cash flows comprise cash at bank.



MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2.8.3. Income tax

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior year are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from, or paid to, the taxation authorities. Until 31st March 2018, the Fund was liable to pay income tax at the rate of 10% in accordance with the Inland Revenue Act No 10 of 2006. Subsequent to the enactment of the new Inland Revenue Act No 24 of 2017, effective from 01st April 2018, an eligible Unit Trust would not be liable for income tax on any income which is a 'pass through' to its unitholders. Accordingly, post 31st March 2018, the Fund has considered all income as being a 'pass through' to its unitholders.

2.8.4. Recognition of income

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Fund and the revenue can be reliably measured. The following specific criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised.

(i) Interest income

For all financial instruments measured at amortised cost, interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR), which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

(ii) Dividend income

Income is recognised when the right to receive the dividend is established, normally being the ex-dividend date. Dividend income is recognised net of withholding tax, if any.

(iii) Unrealised gains/(losses) on financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss

Unrealised gains/(losses) on financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss includes all gains and losses arise from changes in fair value of financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss" as at the reporting date.

(iv) Realised gains/(losses) on financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss

Realised gains/(losses) on financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss includes results of buying and selling of quoted equity securities.

2.8.5. Expenses

The management, trustee and custodian fees of the Fund as per the trust deed are as follows,

Management fee -	An annual fixed fee not exceeding one point five per centum (1.5%) per annum of the value of the deposited property.
Performance fee -	10% of any excess percentage in the net return over the growth of the All-Share Price Index over a period of one year.
Trustee fee -	0.20% p.a. of net asset value of the Fund.
Custodian fee -	Rs. 20,000/- per month plus the applicable Government tax



CAPITAL ALLIANCE BALANCED FUND

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2.8.6. Unitholders' Fund and net assets attributable to unitholders

Unitholders' Fund has been calculated as the difference between the carrying amounts of the assets and the carrying amounts of the liabilities other than those due to unitholders as at the reporting date.

Units can be issued and redeemed based on the Fund's net asset value per unit, calculated by dividing the net assets of the Fund as described in the Trust Deed and directives issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Sri Lanka, by the number of units in issue. Income not distributed is included in net assets attributable to unitholders.

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

3.1 Financial instruments

The Fund's principal financial assets comprise investments in treasury bills, repurchase agreements, commercial papers, fixed deposits, trading securities and cash at bank. The overall objective of this Fund is to optimise the income at very low levels of risk, essentially retaining the risk-free nature of Government securities but offering the convenience of a unit trust. The Fund's principal financial liabilities comprise amounts attributable to unitholders, which are the amounts owed to unitholders of the Fund. The Fund also has other financial instruments such as receivables and payables which arise directly from its operations.

In accordance with SLFRS 9 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, the investments in repurchase agreements and commercial papers are classified as 'financial assets at amortised cost' and are valued at amortised cost. The Fund's investments in unit trusts are classified as 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' and valued at fair value. Amounts attributable to unitholders are classified as 'unit holder's fund' and are carried at the redemption amount being net asset value. Accrued expenses are classified as 'other financial liabilities' at amortised cost.

3.2 Financial risk management objectives, policies and processes

Risks arising from holding financial instruments are inherent in the Fund's activities, and are managed through a process of ongoing identification, measurement and monitoring. The Fund is exposed to credit risk, market risk, liquidity risk and economic risk.

Financial instruments of the Fund comprise investments in treasury bills/bond repurchase agreements, fixed deposits and trading equity securities, for the purpose of generating a return on the investment made by unitholders, in addition to cash at bank and other financial instruments such as receivables and payables, which arise directly from its operations.

The Fund Management Company is responsible for identifying and controlling the risk that arise from these financial instruments. The Fund Management Company agrees to policies for managing each of the risks identified below.

The risks are measured using a method that reflects the expected impact on the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and statement of financial position of the Fund from reasonably possible changes in the relevant risk variables. Information about these risk exposures at the reporting date, measured on this basis, is disclosed below.

The Fund Management Company also monitors information about the total fair value of financial instruments exposed to various risks, as well as compliance with established investment mandate limits.

These mandate limits reflect the investment strategy and market environment of the Fund, as well as

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

the level of risk that the Fund is willing to accept, with additional emphasis on selected industries. This information is prepared and reported to relevant parties within the Fund Management Company on a regular basis as deemed appropriate, including the Fund Management Company, other key management, risk and investment committees and ultimately the Trustees of the Fund.

Concentration of risk arises when a number of financial instruments or contracts are entered into with the same counterparty, or where a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities or activities in the same geographic region, or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economics, political or other conditions.

3.3 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to the Financial Statements will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the Fund to incur a financial loss.

The Fund's exposure to credit risk from its financial assets arises from default of the counterparty. It is the Fund's policy to enter into financial instruments with reputable counterparties.

Capital Alliance Balanced Fund's investments in debt instruments are only in repurchase agreements against the Government securities.

3.3.1 Debt securities

The Fund invests in debt securities which are low risk investments. An analysis of debt securities by rating is set out in the table below.

Risk rating	31 st March 2026 Rs.	31 st March 2025 Rs.
Low risk	62,373,241	12,126,622
Total	62,373,241	12,126,622

The investments grading of the issuers are as follows:

Issuer	Rating	Rating Agency
Hatton National Bank PLC	AA-	Fitch Rating
Nations Trust Bank PLC	A	Fitch Rating
Commercial Bank of Ceylon PLC	AA-	Fitch Rating
Sanasa Development Bank PLC	BB+	Fitch Rating
ACL Cables PLC	AA-	ICRA Lanka Limited
Access Engineering PLC	A+	ICRA Lanka Limited
Aitken Spence Hotel Holdings PLC	AA+	Fitch Rating
CIC Holdings PLC	AA+	Fitch Rating
Central Industries PLC	A	Fitch Rating
Hayleys PLC	AAA	Fitch Rating
Lanka Finance PLC	A	Fitch Rating

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Issuer	Rating	Rating Agency
LOLC Holdings PLC	A	Lanka Rating Agency
Hayleys Fabric PLC	AAA	Fitch Rating
Prime Land Residencies PLC	A	ICRA Lanka Limited
Singer (Sri Lanka) PLC	AA-	Fitch Rating
Sierra Cables PLC	A+	Fitch Rating
Aitken Spence PLC	AA+	Fitch Rating
Sunshine Holdings PLC	AA+	Fitch Rating
Tokyo Cement Company (Lanka) PLC	A	RAM Ratings Lanka
Vallibel One PLC	A-	Lanka Rating Agency
LB Finance PLC	A-	Fitch Rating
E.B. Creasy & Company PLC	BBB+	Lanka Rating Agency

3.3.2 Cash and cash equivalents

All counterparties have a rating of AA- as determined by the Fitch rating Lanka Limited. However, in accordance with the Fund's policy, the investment manager monitors the Fund's credit position on a daily basis, to maintain credit risk at a minimum level.

3.3.3 Risk concentration of credit risk exposure

Concentration of credit risk is managed by counterparty and by market sector. The Fund is also subject to credit risk on its investment in quoted shares. The credit risk exposure on these instruments is not deemed to be significant.

The Fund's maximum exposure to credit risk can be analysed as follows:

	As at 31.03.2026 Rs.		As at 31.03.2025 Rs.	
	Amortized Cost/ Fair Value	Maximum Exposure	Amortized Cost/ Fair Value	Maximum Exposure
Financial assets at FVTPL	345,760,029	345,760,029	153,438,598	153,438,598
Total	345,760,029	345,760,029	153,438,598	153,438,598

3.3.4 Credit risk by class of financial assets

	12-Month expected credit losses	Life time expected credit losses not credit impaired	Life time expected credit losses credit impaired	Total
				

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As at 31 st March 2026	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Financial assets				
Financial assets at amortised cost	62,373,241	-	-	62,373,241
Other receivables	1,307,953	-	-	1,307,953
Cash and cash equivalents	1,125,293	-	-	1,125,293
	64,806,487	-	-	64,806,487

As at 31 st March 2025	12-Month expected credit losses Rs.	Life time expected credit losses not credit impaired Rs.	Life time expected credit losses credit impaired Rs.	Total Rs.
Financial assets				
Financial assets at amortised cost	12,126,622	-	-	12,126,622
Other receivables	1,217,453	-	-	1,217,453
Cash and cash equivalents	605,724	-	-	605,724
	13,949,799	-	-	13,949,799

There is no difference in the net exposure to the credit risk and the maximum exposure to the credit risk for the above financial assets.

3.4 Market risk

Market risk represents the risk that the value of the Fund's investments portfolios will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices.

This risk is managed by ensuring that all investment activities are undertaken in accordance with established mandate limits and investments strategies. As such, unitholders can manage this risk through their choices of which investment portfolios to participate in.

The Fund uses a range of different Fund arrangements for investment assets. Where a unitholder has invested in more than one investment portfolio, this reduces the impact of a particular manager underperforming. Within the underlying investment portfolio, diversification is achieved at a number of levels. The diversified portfolios are invested across a range of investment sectors. Within each sector of the diversified portfolios, the Fund Management Company invests in a variety of securities.

3.4.1 Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

The Fund is exposed to cash flow interest rate risk on financial instruments with variable interest rates. Financial instruments with fixed rates expose the Fund to fair value interest rate risk. The Fund's interest bearing financial assets are exposed to risks associated with the effect of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates on its financial position and cash flows. The risk is measured using the sensitivity analysis.



MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Fund's policy is to hold all its net assets attributable to unitholders invested in debt securities and equity securities. The table below summarises the Fund's exposure to interest rate risks. It includes the Fund's assets and liabilities at fair values, categorised by the earlier contractual re-pricing on maturity dates.

	Floating interest Rs.	Fixed interest Rs.	Non-interest Rs.	Total Rs.
As at 31st March 2026				
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	Nil	Nil	1,125,293	1,125,293
Financial assets at FVTPL	Nil	Nil	345,760,029	345,760,029
Financial assets at amortised cost	Nil	62,373,241	Nil	62,373,241
Other receivable	Nil	Nil	1,307,953	1,307,953
Total exposure	Nil	62,373,241	348,193,275	410,566,516

	Floating interest Rs.	Fixed interest Rs.	Non-interest Rs.	Total Rs.
As at 31st March 2025				
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	Nil	Nil	605,724	605,724
Financial assets at FVTPL	Nil	Nil	153,438,598	153,438,598
Financial assets at amortised cost	Nil	12,126,622	Nil	12,126,622
Other receivable	Nil	Nil	1,217,453	1,217,453
Total exposure	Nil	12,126,622	155,261,775	167,388,397

3.5 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates.

The Fund's interest-bearing financial assets are exposed to risks associated with the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates. The risk is measured using the sensitivity analysis. However, due to the short-term nature of the instruments, it is reasonably expected that the fluctuation in interest rate will not materially impact the net assets value of the Fund.

3.6 Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair values of the Fund's investment in trading securities fluctuate as a result of changes in the price of the Fund's investments in trading securities. Price risk exposure arises from the Fund's investment portfolios.

The table below shows the impact on the statement of comprehensive income and statement of financial position due to a reasonably possible change in the price of the Fund's investment in trading equity securities, with all other variables held constant:

31.03.2026

31.03.2025



MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	Increases/ (decreases) on profit before tax Rs.	Increases/ (decreases) on amounts attributable to unitholders Rs.	Increases/ (decreases) on profit before tax Rs.	Increases/ (decreases) on amounts attributable to unitholders Rs.
Change in price of the Fund's investment in trading securities existing as of reporting date:				
+10%	34,576,003	34,576,003	15,343,860	15,343,860
-10%	(34,576,003)	(34,576,003)	(15,343,860)	(15,343,860)

3.7 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet its obligation to pay the unitholders.

Due to the nature of a unit trust, it is unlikely that a significant number of unitholders would exit at the same time. However, to control liquidity risk, the Fund invests in financial instruments which are readily convertible into cash under normal market conditions.

In addition, the Fund invests within established limits to ensure that there is no concentration of risk. The Fund Management Company ensures that a minimum liquidity level of 3% of the total NAV of the Fund is available in cash or near cash form at any given time as required by the Unit Trust Code, reducing the liquidity risk to its investors.

In addition, the Securities and Exchange Commission and the Fund require additional number of business days' notice to the Fund from large investors redeeming over 3% of the Fund and the Fund is also permitted to borrow up to 15% of the deposited property for redemption payouts. No such borrowings have arisen during the period.

Fund's investments are managed on short-term basis and by investing in Government securities. Further, liquidity is managed by the fund managing company through bank facilities and investment in highly liquid short-term instruments.

The table below analyses the Fund's non-derivative financial assets and liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the end of the reporting period. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	Less than 1 month Rs.	1-6 months Rs.	6-12 months Rs.	More than 1 year Rs.	Total Rs.
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As at 31st March 2026

Financial assets

CAPITAL ALLIANCE BALANCED FUND
MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Financial assets - fair value through profit or loss	345,760,029	-	-	-	345,760,029
Financial assets at amortised cost	62,360,000	-	-	-	62,360,000
Other receivables	1,307,953	-	-	-	1,307,953
Cash and cash equivalents	1,125,293	-	-	-	1,125,293
	410,553,275	-	-	-	410,553,275

Financial liabilities

Management fee	218,341	-	-	-	218,341
Trustee fee	58,224	-	-	-	58,224
Custodian fee	24,669	-	-	-	24,669
Audit fee	14,152	-	-	-	14,152
Payable on unit creation	11,199	-	-	-	11,199
	326,585	-	-	-	326,585

	Less than 1 month Rs.	1-6 months Rs.	6-12 months Rs.	More than 1 year Rs.	Total Rs.
As at 31st March 2025					
<u>Financial assets</u>					
Financial assets - fair value through profit or loss	153,438,598	-	-	-	153,438,598
Financial assets at amortised cost	12,116,000	-	-	-	12,116,000
Other receivables	1,217,453	-	-	-	1,217,453
Cash and cash equivalents	605,724	-	-	-	605,724
	167,377,775	-	-	-	167,377,775

Financial liabilities

Management fee	131,579	-	-	-	131,579
Trustee fee	35,088	-	-	-	35,088
Custodian fee	24,669	-	-	-	24,669
Audit fee	5,348	-	-	-	5,348
Outperformance fee	447,001	-	-	-	447,001
	643,685	-	-	-	643,685

The contractual amounts disclosed in this analysis are gross undiscounted cashflows and, therefore, may not agree with the carrying amounts in the statement of financial position.

3.8 Capital risk management

The Fund considers its net assets attributable to unitholders as capital, notwithstanding net assets attributable to unitholders are classified as a liability. The amount of net assets attributable to unitholders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily applications and redemptions at the discretion of unitholders. Daily applications and redemptions are reviewed relative to the liquidity of

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

the Fund's underlying assets on a daily basis by the Management Company. Under the terms of the Unit Trust Code, the Management Company has the discretion to reject an application for units and to defer redemption of units if the exercise of such discretion is in the best interests of unitholders.

Following being the disclosures of unitholders' fund;

The movement in the unitholders' fund as at 31st March 2026

I. In terms of value

	Rs. 2026	Rs. 2025
Unitholders' Fund as at 01 st April	166,744,712	111,794,696
Creations during the year	389,756,181	182,843,933
Redemptions during the year	(165,557,026)	(181,019,694)
Total comprehensive income for the year	19,296,064	53,125,777
Unitholders' fund as at 31 st March	410,239,931	166,744,712

II. In terms of no. of units

	No. of units	No. of units
Opening no of Units as at 01 st April	6,062,200	55,902,087
Unit creations during the year	11,397,489	7,235,808
Unit redemptions during the year	(5,087,879)	(7,075,695)
Closing no. of units as at 31 st March	12,371,810	56,062,200

As stipulated within the Trust Deed, each unit represents a right to an individual share in the Fund and does not extend to a right to the underlying assets of the Fund. There are no separate classes of units and each unit has the same rights attaching to it as all other units of the Fund.



CAPITAL ALLIANCE BALANCED FUND
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	2025/2026 Rs.	2024/2025 Rs.
4. INVESTMENT INCOME		
4.1 Dividend income	5,850,822	7,254,768
4.2 Interest on		
Treasury bill reverse repurchase agreements	1,791,238	2,537,216
Savings account	73,373	102,072
	1,864,611	2,639,288
5. INCOME TAX EXPENSE		
Following the enactment of the new Inland Revenue Act No. 24 of 2017 effective from 1st April 2018, the Fund is deemed to be conducting an eligible investment business and is treated as a tax 'pass through' vehicle. Hence, no provision for income tax has been made in the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2026.		
	As at 31.03.2026 Rs.	As at 31.03.2025 Rs.
6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Cash at bank	1,125,293	605,724
	1,125,293	605,724
7. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS		
7.1 Quoted equity securities		
Cost of investment	346,324,624	95,959,560
(Decrease)/ Increase in market value of quoted equity securities	(564,595)	57,479,038
Market value	345,760,029	153,438,598
7.2 Realised gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
Proceeds on sale of equity shares	266,449,494	77,006,644
Average cost of equity sold	(186,531,642)	(52,884,537)
	79,917,852	24,122,107
7.3 Unrealised gain/ (loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
Equity securities	(58,043,632)	23,374,395
	(58,043,632)	23,374,395



7. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTD...)

7.4 Quoted equity securities - fair value measurement

Counterparty	As at 31.03.2026			As at 31.03.2025		
	No. of shares	Market value Rs.	Holding as a % of net asset value	No. of shares	Market value Rs.	Holding as a % of net asset value
<u>Banks</u>						
Hatton National Bank PLC	-	-	0%	81,157	24,752,885	15%
Nations Trust Bank PLC	134,080	38,782,640	9%	132,609	25,195,710	15%
Sampath Bank PLC	-	-	0%	221,062	27,080,095	16%
Commercial Bank of Ceylon PLC	138,989	28,388,503	7%	167,141	24,653,298	15%
DFCC Bank PLC	-	-	0%	124,378	13,184,068	8%
Sanasa Development Bank PLC	157,477	8,299,038	2%	257,477	9,320,667	6%
Seylan Bank PLC - Voting	-	-	0%	188,367	13,656,608	8%
Seylan Bank PLC - Non-Voting	-	-	0%	100,000	5,310,000	3%
National Development Bank PLC	-	-	0%	96,124	10,285,268	6%
	430,546	75,470,181	18%	1,368,315	153,438,599	92%
<u>Capital Goods</u>						
ACL Cables PLC	102,443	8,707,655	2%	-	-	-
Access Engineering PLC	155,000	10,385,000	3%	-	-	-
Central Industries PLC	29,702	6,088,910	1%	-	-	-
E B Creasy & Company PLC	210,517	10,210,075	2%	-	-	-
Hayleys PLC - Voting	115,828	24,903,020	6%	-	-	-
Hayleys PLC - Non Voting	3,273	49,095	0%	-	-	-
Renuka Holdings PLC	20,573	1,043,051	0%	-	-	-
Sierra Cables PLC	277,945	7,865,844	2%	-	-	-
Aitken Spence PLC	52,000	7,228,000	2%	-	-	-
	967,281	76,480,650	18%	-	-	-
<u>Consumer Services</u>						
Aitken Spence Hotel Holdings PLC	105,655	9,677,998	2%	-	-	-
	105,655	9,677,998	2%	-	-	-



7. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTD...)

7.4 Quoted equity securities - fair value measurement (Contd...)

Counterparty	As at 31.03.2026			As at 31.03.2025		
	No. of shares	Market value Rs.	Holding as a % of net asset value	No. of shares	Market value Rs.	Holding as a % of net asset value
<u>Materials</u>						
CIC Holdings PLC	275,000	8,222,500	2%	-	-	-
Haycarb PLC	139,240	15,246,780	4%	-	-	-
Tokyo Cement Company (Lanka) PLC - Voting	97,811	8,695,398	2%	-	-	-
Tokyo Cement Company (Lanka) PLC - Non-Voting	111,214	8,107,501	2%	-	-	-
	623,265	40,272,179	10%	-	-	-
<u>Diversified Financials</u>						
LB Finance PLC	108,498	15,379,592	4%	-	-	-
LOLC Holdings PLC	14,532	7,698,327	2%	-	-	-
	123,030	23,077,919	6%	-	-	-
<u>Food Beverage and Tobacco</u>						
Lanka Milk Foods (CWE) PLC	192,500	15,419,250	4%	-	-	-
Sunshine Holdings PLC	690,042	20,287,235	5%	-	-	-
	882,542	35,706,485	9%	-	-	-
<u>Consumer Durables and Apparel</u>						
Hayleys Fabric PLC	62,053	1,892,617	0%	-	-	-
	62,053	1,892,617	0%	-	-	-
<u>Transportation</u>						
Digital Mobility Solutions Lanka PLC	195,792	26,872,452	7%	-	-	-
	195,792	26,872,452	7%	-	-	-
<u>Real Estate</u>						
Prime Land Residencies PLC	405,000	18,913,500	5%	-	-	-
	405,000	18,913,500	5%	-	-	-
<u>Retailing</u>						
Singer (Sri Lanka) PLC	308,111	23,724,547	6%	-	-	-
	308,111	23,724,547	6%	-	-	-
<u>Utilities</u>						
Vallibel One PLC	148,765	13,671,504	3%	-	-	-
	148,765	13,671,504	3%	-	-	-
	4,252,040	345,760,029	83%	1,368,315	153,438,599	92%



		As at 31.03.2026		As at 31.03.2025	
		Carrying value Rs.	Fair value Rs.	Carrying value Rs.	Fair value Rs.
8.	FINANCIAL ASSETS AT AMORTISED COST				
	Treasury bill repurchase agreements	8.1	62,373,241	62,373,241	12,126,622
			62,373,241	62,373,241	12,126,622
		As at 31.03.2026		As at 31.03.2025	
		Carrying value Rs.	Holding as a % of net asset value	Carrying value Rs.	Holding as a % of net asset value
8.1	Treasury bill repurchase agreements				
	HNB Securities Limited	-	-	12,126,622	7%
	Hatton National Bank PLC	62,373,241	15%	-	-
		62,373,241	15%	12,126,622	7%
		As at 31.03.2026		As at 31.03.2025	
		Rs.		Rs.	
9.	INCOME TAX RECEIVABLE				
	Income tax receivable			8,215	8,215
	Provision for doubtful income tax receivable			(8,215)	(8,215)
				-	-
10.	OTHER RECEIVABLE				
	CDS receivable			1,307,767	-
	Money market interest receivable			186	98
	Dividend receivable			-	1,217,355
				1,307,953	1,217,453
11.	ACCRUED EXPENSES				
	Management fees payable			218,341	131,579
	Trustee fees payable			58,224	35,088
	Custodian fees payable			24,669	24,669
	Audit fee payable			14,152	5,348
	Outperformance fee payable			-	447,001
	Payable on unit creation			11,199	-
				326,585	643,685

Payable on unit creation amounting to Rs.11,199 represents amounts payable in respect of unit creations for which cash has been received from investors after the cut off time and units were created subsequent to the reporting date.



12. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

12.1 Determination of fair value and fair value hierarchy

The following table shows an analysis of financial instruments recorded at fair value by level of the fair value hierarchy:

	Level 1 Rs.	Level 2 Rs.	Level 3 Rs.	Total Rs.
As at 31st March 2026				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	345,760,029	-	-	345,760,029
As at 31st March 2025				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	153,438,598	-	-	153,438,598

12.2 Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities not carried at fair value

Assets for which fair value approximates carrying value:

For financial assets and financial liabilities that have a short-term maturity (original maturities less than a year), it is assumed that the carrying amounts approximate their fair values.

Accordingly, the following is a list of financial instruments whose carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

Assets	Liabilities
Cash and cash equivalents	Accrued expenses and other payables
Financial assets at amortised cost	
Other receivables	

13. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS

13.1 Contingent liabilities

There were no contingent liabilities as at the reporting date.

13.2 Contingent assets

There were no contingent assets as at the reporting date.



14. EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

There have been no material events occurring after the reporting date that would require adjustments to, and/or disclosure in these Financial Statements.

15. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

The Fund does not have significant capital commitments as at the reporting date.

16. ASSETS PLEDGED

There were no assets pledged as securities as at the reporting date.

17. UNITS IN ISSUE AND UNIT PRICE

Units in issue and deemed to be in issue as at 31st March 2026 is 12,371,810.38 (2025 -6,062,199.84) and unit price as at this date is Rs.33.1592/- (2025 - Rs.27.5056/-).

18. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURE

18.1 Responsible entity

The responsible entities of Capital Alliance Balanced Fund are Capital Alliance Investments Limited ("the Management Company") and Hatton National Bank PLC ("the Trustee").

18.2 Key management personnel

- i) Key management personnel include persons who were directors of Capital Alliance Investments Limited at any time during the financial year.

Ms. H. M. S. Perera
Dr. M. De Zoysa
Mr. K P Mannakkara

- ii) Other key management personnel

Other persons with responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Fund, directly or indirectly during the financial year.

18.3 Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel are paid by Capital Alliance Investments Limited. Payments made from the Fund to Capital Alliance Investments Limited do not include any amounts directly attributable to the compensation of key management personnel.

18.4 Other transactions within the Fund

Apart from those details disclosed in Note 18.5, 18.6 and 18.7, key management personnel have not entered into any other transactions involving the Fund during the financial year.



18. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURE (CONTD....)

18.5 Related party unitholding and other transactions

The following are the related party unitholdings of Capital Alliance Balanced Fund.

As at 31st March 2026

Name	Relationship	No. of units	Value of units held Rs.
Capital Alliance Investments Limited	Managing Company	278.78	9,157

As at 31st March 2025

Name	Relationship	No. of units	Value of units held Rs.
Capital Alliance Investments Limited	Managing Company	278.78	7,589

18.6 Other transactions with and amounts due to related parties

- a) The fees were charged by the Management Company and Trustee for services provided during the year and the balances outstanding from such dues as at year end are disclosed below:

	Charge for the year ended		Balance as at	
	2025/2026 Rs.	2024/2025 Rs.	31.03.2026 Rs.	31.03.2025 Rs.
Fund management fee	1,929,369	1,343,012	218,341	131,579
Trustee fees	514,498	358,136	58,224	35,088
Custodian fees	290,463	289,864	24,669	24,669
Outperformance fee income / (expense)	-	447,001	-	447,001

- b) The bank balance held at Hatton National Bank PLC 1,125,293 605,724

- c) In addition to the above, certain administrative expenses are borne by the Management Company.

18.7 Other transactions with related parties

Investments in Treasury bill repurchase agreements and treasury bills have been made in the ordinary course of operations with following related parties. The resulting investment income and outstanding investment balances are given below.

	Investment income during the year		Balance as at	
	2025/2026 Rs.	2024/2025 Rs.	31.03.2026 Rs.	31.03.2025 Rs.
Investments in treasury bill repurchase agreements with Capital Alliance PLC - (Subsidiary of the Ultimate Parent Company of the Management Company)	-	252,084	-	-



19. RECONCILIATION BETWEEN THE NET ASSET VALUE AS PER FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND THE PUBLISHED NET ASSET VALUE

	As at 31.03.2026 Rs.	As at 31.03.2025 Rs.
Net asset value as per Financial Statements	410,239,931	166,744,712
Published net asset value	410,239,931	166,744,712
Number of units outstanding	12,371,810	6,062,200
Published net asset value per unit	33.1592	27.5056
Net asset value per unit as per financial statements	33.1592	27.5056

20. COMPARATIVE INFORMATION

The accounting policies have been consistently applied by the Fund and are consistent with those of the previous year. The previous year's figures and phrases have been re-arranged wherever necessary to conform to the current year's presentation/classification.

